Poor performance of AIIMS

3946. DR. KARAN SINGH:
SHRI RAJKUMAR DHOOT:
DR. T. SUBBARAMI REDDY:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Parliamentary Committee has pointed out that AIIMS has fared poorly in its performance and has pointed out that the paucity of funds, lax administration, frequent jaunts by doctors to practice abroad has been cited as the reasons for disappointing performance of AIIMS.

(b) if so, whether Government have examined this report;

(c) the action Government proposed to take; and

(d) whether all that recommendations made by the Committee are being fully implemented?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) to (d) All India Institute of Medical Sciences is a premier national institution engaged in imparting clinical care, medical education and research. The Public Accounts Committee in its 7th Report has recently (March 2005) made some recommendations to upgrade the facilities at AIIMS for Medical Research, Training and patient care. The recommendations are being examined and action taken is to be sent to the Committee within a period of six months.

Population policy implementation

3947. SHRIMATI S.G. INDIRA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the biggest challenge to the success of population and health issues is the implementation by the States;

(b) whether it is also a fact that Government were not able to prevail upon the concerned State Governments to do away with the policy of two child norms;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) the other measures being taken by Government to control the population growth?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) Success of population and health issues depends on the socio-demographic factors, availability of resources and appropriate implementation of policies and programmes by the States.

(b) and (c) Linking two-child norm to attainment of goal of population stabilization is against the spirit of National Population Policy (NPP) 2000. However eigtht States viz. Andhra Pradesh, Delhi, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Orissa and Rajasthan have adopted two child norm for election to the local Government institutions.

(d) The measures being taken for population stabilization in the country include-adoption of National Population Policy (NPP), constitution of the National Commission on Population, registration of the National Population Stabilization Fund and constitution of an Empowered Action Group (EAG) for focused attention on 8 demographically weaker States. The Reproductive and Child Health (RCH) Programme was launched by Government in 1997 for provision of comprehensive reproductive, maternal, child health and contraceptive services to the people.

The Government has recently launched the National Rural Health Mission throughout the country, with special emphasis on 18 States i.e. Assam, Arunachal Pradesh, Sikkim, Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram, Orissa, Meghalaya, Tripura, Bihar, Jharkhand, Uttranchal, U.P., Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Chhattisgarh, Himachal Pradesh and Jammu and Kashmir for provision of comprehensive integrated primary health care services.

Installation of radio therapy units etc.

3948. SHRIMATI N.P. DURGA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the Hospitals to which Government have given financial assistance for installation of radio therapy units, cancer detection